IBMYP Semester 1 Exam.

Part 1.

1. Source B

Questions.

1. The picture in the Source B is an euphemistic description of the emptyness of League of Nations.

Snake represents international strife, in other words, international conflicts. And the rabbit represents League of Nations. Generally, snake is at higher position in food chain than a rabbit is. So this picture is emphasizing League of Nations' weakness toward international strife. This picture might have created after WW2, to show people that League of Nation had no power. (As it couldn't stop the WW2.)

Q 2.

According to Sources A and D, Soviet Union and Germany had very distrustful and aggressive relationships with each other. Stalin's speech (Source A) shows that he was worried about German attacking Soviet Union when France and Britain rejected the policy of collective security. And it also showed that Stalin thought staying neutral or non-aggressive position will only encourage Germany to begin war. Also the Source D (picture) shows Soviet Union's doubtful attitudes toward Germany. (Even though the creators weren't neutral, so other historical facts support them, those sources are reasonable.)

Q3.

Source C and E have both limitations and values for students studying the policy of appeasement as a cause of World War II. Considering the disadvantages and results caused by the policy of appeasement, source C has efficiently emphasized the policy's characteristics. (of appeasement)

Source E also describes ~~what~~ how Hitler (Germany) thought and reacted about the policy of Appeasement. ~~Hitler~~ The Policy of Appeasement made hitler to worry about his own country ~~even more~~ even more than other neibouring nations. That policy have mainly encouraged Germany to begin war. More over, policy of appeasement made Germany ~~strong~~ again too.

Considering the results produced by the policy of Appeasement, both source C and E is good for students studying about the policy of A. (appeasement) However, source C is a second-hand source with personal opinions. And source E only represents personal opinion of Hitler. Even though they efficiently shows ~~the~~ one side of the policy, they are not all about that policy. Britain had it's peaceful reasons for starting that policy and never expected such results.

Therefore, even ~~&~~ sources C and E naively describes the result of the policy of appeasement, students studying that policy should have other sources to ~~a~~ explain about the ~~other~~ origins and purposes of the policy of appeasement. Sources C and E are not enough to study everything about the policy of Appeasement.

Part 2. Essay

Topic = a. Compare and contrast the causes of WW1 and the causes of WW II.

▷ First World War and Second World War are the biggest wars in the human history. They both involves more than 40 nations from all over the world. More than few million people were killed during ~~the~~ battles, and both caused by Germany. Both WW1 and WW2 were happened mostly in Europe and were ended by the defeat of Germany. These two wars have various similarities and differences as they took place on same region and were caused by similar reasons. There 3 main points where we can recognize the similarities of the causes of world war 1 and world war 2.

First point is the basic reasons for why ~~Germany~~ World War 1 and World War 2 have happened. Right before the World War 1, France - Prussian War happened and France lost many of it's territories to Germany. Germany had to pay huge amount of war- reparations and lost most of its territories and ~~army~~ military forces before World War 2. Before both world war 1 and 2, international conflicts between nations were formed previously. Country with unfair treatment or situation was always desiring to revenge the enemy nation. That is the case in Germany after World War 1 and in France after - Franco Prussian War. They both wanted to revenge other nations and eventually came to an war. (Also, Germany was led by violent leaders who liked war before WW1 and WW2.) (Wilhelm II) (Adolf Hitler)

(Tenses were formed too)

Second reason is the nations' improvement of Capitalism and desires for Emperialism. Industrialization in European nations required bigger market places and ~~trad~~ more es. Strong countries began to conquer

foreign nations in Africa and Asia for their own goods. And they also wanted to expand their territories as an result of Emperialism and Nationalism. Britain, France and ~~Russia~~ other European powers got many foreign colonies in Africa before World War 1. And Germany was not an exception. However, when Germany began to colonize other countries, there weren't many left, because France and Britain have already conquered most of them. This issue of territory made Germany to look over other nations' lands in Europe and caused it to ally Austria-Hungary Empire to begin war. Territory is also one of the main reasons for Hitler to begin World War II. He first starts with lands that was taken from Germany after world war I and began invading other nations to conquer them.

Lastly, ignorance of major powers is one of the main reasons for the causes of world war 1 and world war 2. Before the first world War, Europe was in peace for past ~~few~~ decades, so nations did not know proper way to react when a country starts to provoke others. It eventually encouraged Germany and Austria to declare war. Also before World War II, Britain began the policy of appeasement. which was about releasing the limits put on German military forces and accepting their requests, to prevent another war. But it eventually encouraged Germany and led it to take back its territories from other nations by force. France also did nothing when Germany re-militarized the Rhineland (demilitarized by the treaty of versailles (Treaty of peace made after WWI)). If any of major powers in Europe forewarned or threatened Germany rather than let it do everything, ~~Germany would not~~ Germany would not cause 2 world wars. have caused

The reactions, situations and decisions ~~made~~ made by European countries before World War 1 and World War 2 were very similar. Even though there were some extra ~~informal~~ reasons for WW2 caused from the first world war such as the war reparations and limited ~~in~~ armies, neibhouring nations reacted

Part 2 — Paper 2.

in same way as they did before World War 1. It ~~is the~~ mainly encouraged Germany to begin war. ~~S~~ Moreover, considering the points mentioned in previous paragraphs shows ~~strong~~ relationships between the causes of world war 1 and world war 2. And, readers in the 21st century can also use ~~three~~ previous points to prevent ~~another~~ any social conflicts between people or nations. Readers might be able to realize and learn ways to react ~~any~~ any ~~spec~~ aggressive / specific situations like World War 1 and world War 2. [efficiently / properly]